

EXEMPT MATERIALS (LEAD TESTING)

“Non-Suspect Materials” List

The table below documents the materials that **do not** require Prop 65 Lead Testing. This list only applies to materials that have not been treated or adulterated in any way. Under the terms of the agreement with the CEH, leather is not an exempt material and is subject to testing.

The non-suspect materials list can also be referenced in the final rule set forth by CPSC at 16 C.F.R. § 1500.91(d) and (e): http://edocket.access.gpo.gov/cfr_2011/janqtr/pdf/16cfr1500.91.pdf.

Materials	Examples
Precious Gemstones	Diamond, ruby, sapphire, emerald
Semiprecious Gemstones and Minerals	Aragonite, bayldonite, boleite, cerusite, crocoite, galena, linarite, mimetite, phosgenite, vanadinite, wulfenite, etc.
Cubic Zirconia, Glass, Crystals, Rhinestones	N/A
Natural or Cultured Pearls	N/A
Wood	Cork, Oak, Pine
Paper and similar materials made form wood or other cellulosic fiber	Paper board, chip board
Natural Fibers (dyed or un-dyed)	Cotton , kapok, flax, linen, jute, ramie hemp, kenaf, bamboo, coir, sisal, silk, wool (sheep), alpaca, llama, goat (mohair, cashmere), rabbit (angora), camel, horse, yak, vicuna, qiviut, guanaco, etc.
Manufactured Fibers (dyed or un-dyed)	Rayon, azlon, lyocell, acetate, triacetate, polyester, olefin, nylon, acrylic, modacrylic, aramid, spandex, etc.
Other plant-derived and animal-derived materials	Animal glue, beeswax, seeds, nut shells, flowers, bone, sea shell, coral, amber, feathers, fur
Metals and Alloys • Surgical steel and stainless steels (UNS S13800 – S66286) EXCEPT stainless steel designated as 303Pb (S30360)	N/A